





What's Hot In IP Optical Technology Broadband for the Future





The Pace of Change is Increasing

Conquer Complexity with Confidence

Muse Management Environment

Optical Transport Advances

Broadband at the Speed of Light

Routed Broadband

Future Apps Will Require Advanced
 Layer 3 Transport Technology

IPoDWDM evolution





IP Wave Portfolio

Muse **SDN Domain** Orchestrator



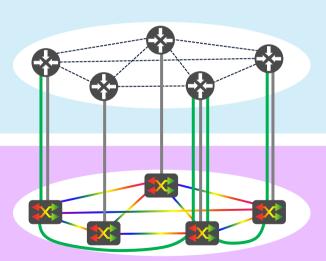






NPT IP Routers

Apollo Optical Networking Systems

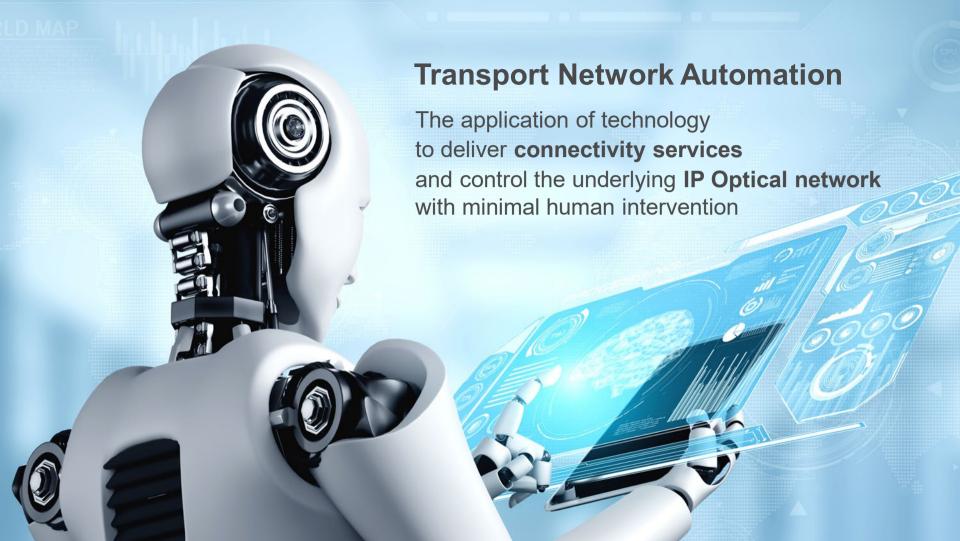




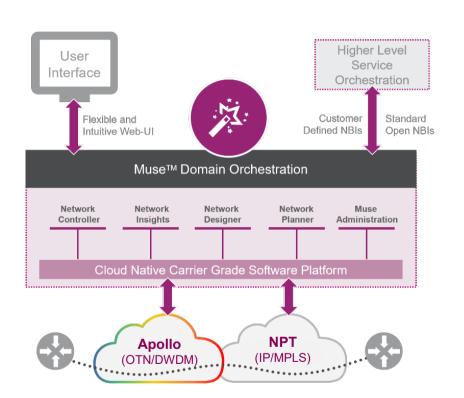
Ribbon Professional Services







Muse SDN Domain Orchestrator





Live network control for topology commissioning, service provisioning, fault management, maintenance and automations.



Self-Service BI application for analyzing the network inventory, performance, utilization and other KPIs.



Graphical Low-Code tools for designing service templates, network elements, tasks and automation workflows.



Topology design and optimization, optical services and equipment allocation, and export of required reports.



User management, authentication and authorization, licensing, system health, and more.



Muse Capacity Muse Common Network Topology & Muse Forecasting & Service Planning **Inventory Management** Automated Maintenance **Automated** Automated OLS Multi-Vendor **Network** Network Network Workflow Workflow Controller Utilization Optimization Planning Discovery Maintenance **Upgrades** Discovery Topology Multi-Vendor Multi-Vendor Muse Network Health **Graphical Topology** Inventory **Views** Network ribbon Muse Health Muse Field Execution Simplification Automated Life Cycle Muse Fault Monitoring, Management Network Reactive Analytics & **Migrations** Restoration Multi-Vendo **OTDR** Fault Fault Muse Infrastructure **Isolation** Management Muse Service Activation & Validation Provisioning & Validation **EVPN EVPN** L3VPN L2VPN РМ **Dynamic** CES Optical **IP/MPLS Optical** Dual Single Hub & L3VPN Counters Restoration **Services Services** Laver Layer Homed Homed Spoke **Services**

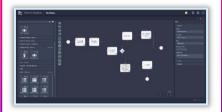
Muse Values

Intuitive Web UI



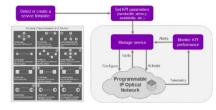
- Reduce mgmt complexity
- Tailor to NOC processes

Workflow Automation



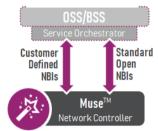
- Reduce OPEX
- · Minimize human mistakes

Closed Loop Provisioning



- Speed time to revenues
- Sell performance assured services

Flexible NBI



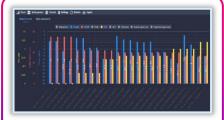
 Integrate within end-to-end SDN ecosystem

Insights & Analytics



- Better use of CAPEX
- Improve NOC efficiency

Network Health



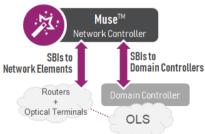
- Predictive maintenance
- Fast-accurate fault finding

Cloud Native



- DevOps and Customization
- Performance and Security

Flexible Multi-Vendor SBI



- Disaggregated solutions
- · Remove vendor lock-in



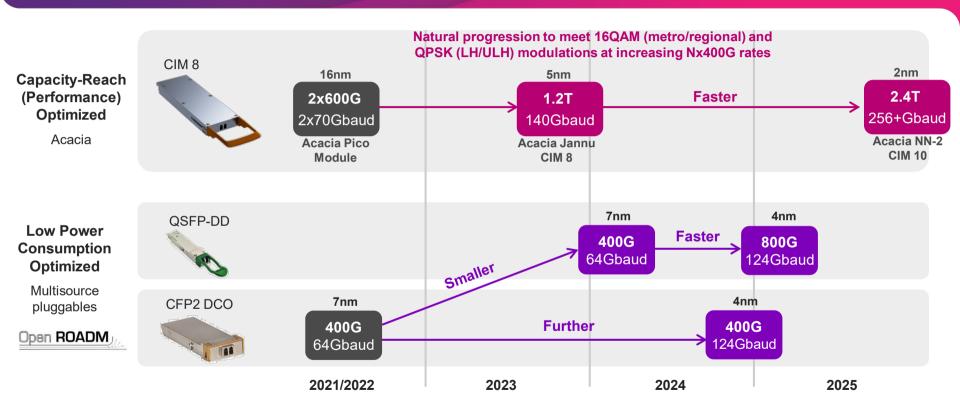




First-to-market 5nm-140Gbaud With Lowest Power Use

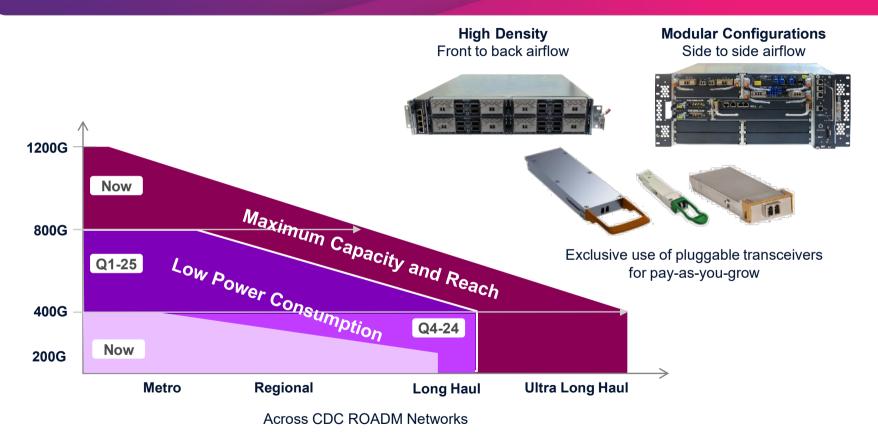


Apollo 400G+ Transceiver Roadmap for 0dbm Optical Transport



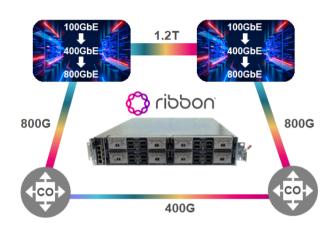


Suite of Solutions to Fulfill for All Optical Transport Needs



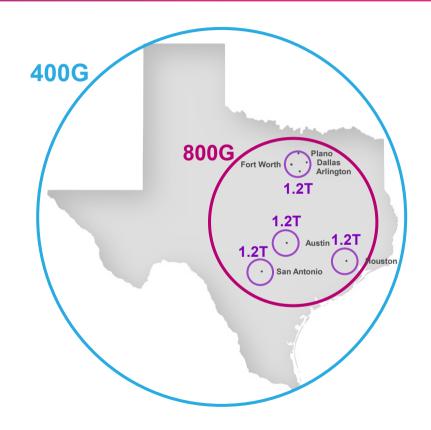


Nx400G Lanes for Transporting 100GbE/400GbE Traffic



Ribbon "breaks down" data center walls with optical network transport of 100GbE, 400GbE and future 800GbE traffic with industry best:

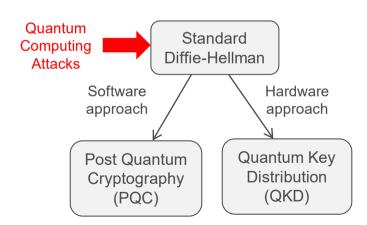
- 1.2T Short Haul (DCI)
- 800G Metro-Regional
- 400G Long Haul

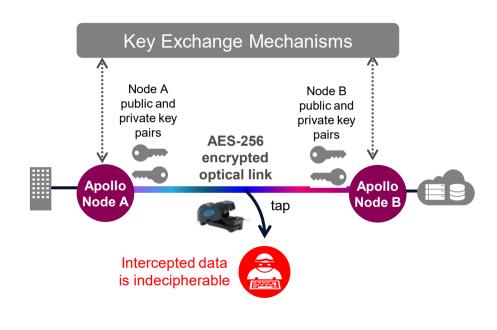




Future Proof Layer 1 Optical Encryption

- Protects against data interception via fiber tapping with no added overhead or latency
- Non-crackable AES-256 encoding
- New key exchange mechanisms to deal with threat posed by quantum computing





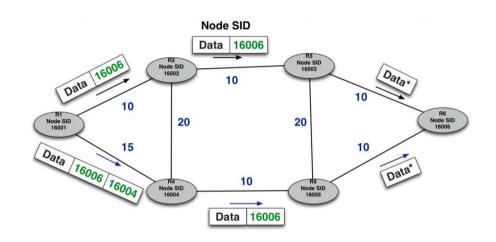




What is Segment Routing?

Multi-Protocol Label Switching

- MPLS uses labels to define "endpoints" on the network
- Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) used to distribute labels in traditional MPLS Network
- Segment Routing (SR) replaces LDP
 - Nodes get globally unique Node-SID
 - Adjacencies or "links" get locally significant Adjacency-SIDs
 - Traffic can be directed by specifying intermediate Node-SIDs





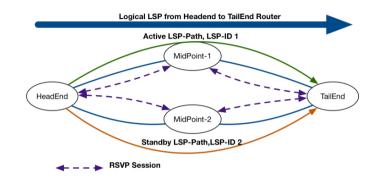
Advantages Over Other Protocols

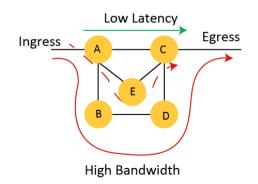
LDP is used with RSVP and RSVP-TE

- Complicated traffic engineering
- One-way tunnels tracked for each destination
- Fast Re-Route has limitations

SR Advantages

- Simpler architecture to understand and operate
- No directed paths needed; a "color" based algorithm can be used with specified constraints, like low latency, or high bandwidth
- Topology Independent Loop Free Alternative is a superior protection algorithm to Fast Re-Route





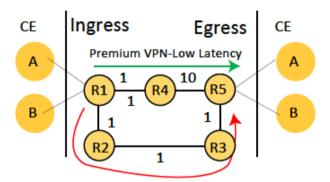


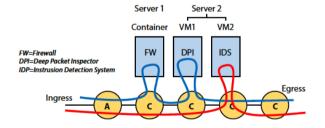
Traffic Engineering and SRv6

- Traffic Engineering can be done statically, or with a Path Computation Engine (PCE)
 - Static configs good for single IGP Domain
 - PCE used when multiple IGP Domains exist
 - Flex Algo Support can be used to isolate failure domains within a network

SRv6

- Adds programmability to the network path
- Use headers to require traffic to access certain services on a path







Layer 2 VPNs – The Bread-and-Butter Offering

MEF Type Circuits

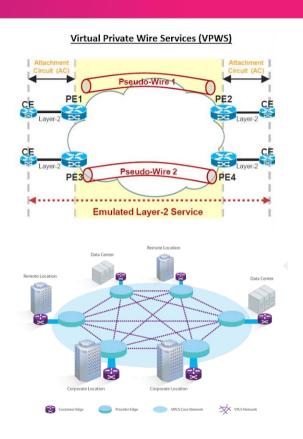
- Ethernet Private Line
- Ethernet Private I AN
- E-Tree

Pseudowires and Tunnels

- Typically delivered over Pseudowires/VPWS/VPLS or dedicated tunnel protocols
 - MPLS-TP
 - RSVP/RSVP-TE
 - SR with TI-LFA

Has Downsides

- MAC Learning is within the data plane
- Poor support for multi-homing
- Potential for Broadcast Storms





Ethernet VPN (EVPN) – How It Is Different

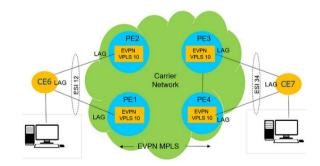
Data Plane is separated from Control Plane

- MAC Learning and Segment Identification is done via BGP
- Traffic is forwarded over the MPLS data plane
- No full mesh required for ELAN applications
- Efficient handling of Broadcast, Unknown Unicast, and Multicast (BUM) traffic

BGP Control Plane EVPN Data Plane MPLS VXLAN PBB

Multi-Homing Advantage

- All active multihoming allows CE-PE connections to different PEs to be identified by an Ethernet Segment ID (ESI)
- MAC Address is associated in MP-BGP with the ESI
- PEs that have not learned the MAC will still advertise the ESI availability
- BUM traffic is handled by a single connected PE called the Designated Forwarder (DF)





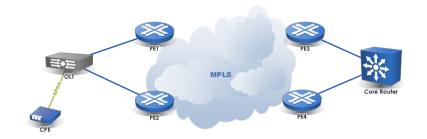
Typical Use Case

Optical Line Terminal - Multihomed

- All active multihomed connection with EVPN based
 L2VPN connected to Core Router
- Resilient against failure of either link, or connected PE device
- Development continues to expand use cases

Cellular Backhaul

- VPWS over EVPN to build MEF E-Line service
- All to one bundled connection at cell tower, traffic connected to NNI on customer specified VLAN

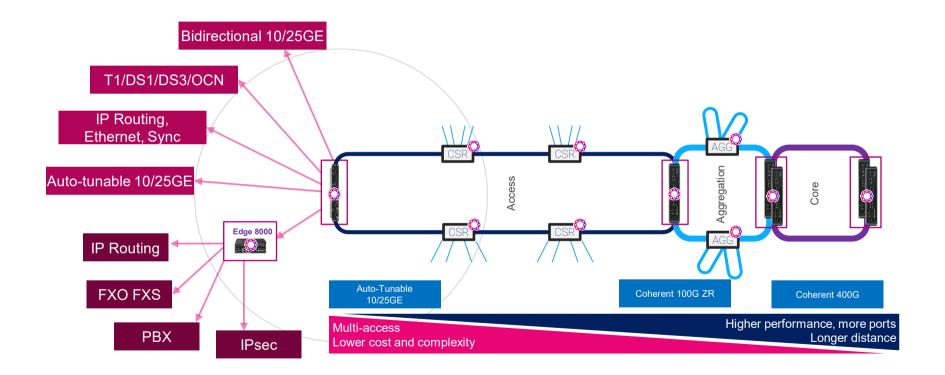






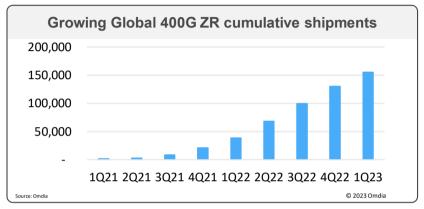


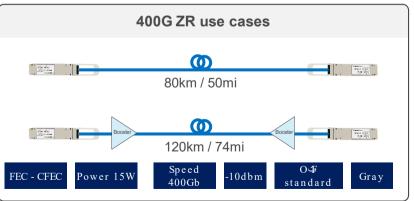
Comprehensive Technological Capabilities on the Edge

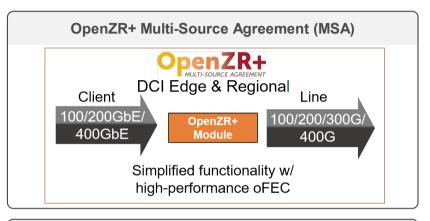


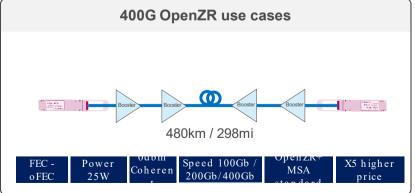


IPoDWDM with ZR / Open ZR+ modules



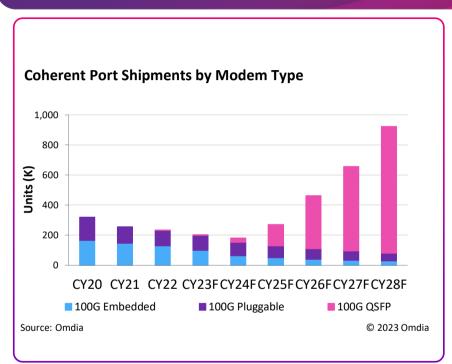


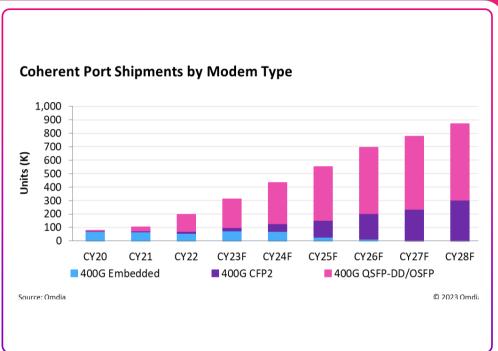






100G: Transition from filling the core to equipping the edge





100G Embedded will continue to ship until every common equipment slot is filled.
400G ZR for cloud SPs a volume market now,



Optical breakout accessories



1RU Optical passive patch panel Fits up to 8 connection modules per RU





Passive fiber connection modules
Front side and backside MPO cable
connection



High-density 2RU Optical passive patch panel Fits up to 18 connection modules per RU, 36 in total



High-density Passive fiber connection module

Backside MPO cable connection



Cost-effective break-out cable option MTP12 - 8x LC



The Perfect Storm

Demand

Customer Requirements
will Quickly Exceed
the Ability to Deliver
Without Proper Planning

Technology

Technology is
Available Today
to Scale and Support
Future Demands

Funding

Make Every Dollar Count
Extend Your ROI



Scale In 3-Dimensions
Capacity, Capability, Service Awareness



